

What is Western Sahara resource watch (WSRW)?

Western Sahara Resource Watch (WSRW), an NGO registered in Belgium, has been the most prolific in terms of publications in this area. We first review WSRW's body of work, then move on to look at research by other NGOs, then finally we review non-fiction book chapters and monographs.

Is natural resource exploitation a problem in Western Sahara?

As the issue of natural resource exploitation in Western Sahara has been conceptualised in very different ways and from the perspectives of a variety of disciplines, the authors have opted for a semi-systematic review of the work done encompassing academic, non-academic, and activist backgrounds.

Is the Sahara based on economic resources?

The idea of the economic viability of the SADR being based on its economic resources is also found in Shelley (2004) and echoed by MINURSO and UN Special Envoy to the Sahara, James Baker. Kingsbury (2015) establishes that Western Sahara is illegally and militarily occupied by Morocco.

Is Western Sahara a self-governing territory?

However, as noted above, the general trend is to view Western Sahara as a non-self-governing territory and apply Chapter XI of the UN Charter (Saul 2015), which establishes that only the state - and not the individual - is responsible.

How interdisciplinary is research on natural resource exploitation in Western Sahara?

The production of research on natural resource exploitation in Western Sahara is accelerating. Yet this field remains interdisciplinary, and the work is carried out by researchers from academic, non-academic, and activist backgrounds, with sometimes very different aims and envisaged audiences.

Does Morocco export phosphorus from occupied Western Sahara?

P for Plunder: Morocco's Exports of Phosphates from Occupied Western Sahara. Brussels: WSRW. Western Sahara Resource Watch. 2019. P for Plunder: Morocco's Exports of Phosphates from Occupied Western Sahara. Brussels: WSRW Western Sahara Resource Watch. 2020. P for Plunder: Morocco's Exports of Phosphates from Occupied Western Sahara.

WSRW has produced four reports on the energy industry in occupied Western Sahara, two on renewables and two on oil and gas. Totally Wrong (Citation 2013b) focuses on the activities of the Total oil company in ...

Saharawi living in the occupied territory are aware that energy infrastructure--its ownership, its management, its reach, the terms of its access, the political and diplomatic work it does--mediates the power of the Moroccan occupation and its ...



## Western Sahara energy aware

Morocco drives renewable energy projects in Western Sahara. Morocco has claimed authority over Western Sahara since 1975, but the UN does not recognise Moroccan control, calling Western Sahara a "non-self-governing ...

energy industry in occupied Western Sahara. This initial report details how. Morocco plans to build over 1000 megawatts of renewable energy plants. ... claims and raises awareness about the con ...

The energy potential of the Western Sahara. ... "These firms are aware that what they are doing is illegal" argued Bechri, in a phone interview. "European agreements do not extend to the ...

Morocco drives renewable energy projects in Western Sahara. Morocco has claimed authority over Western Sahara since 1975, but the UN does not recognise Moroccan control, calling Western Sahara a "non-self-governing territory." The UN has called for a referendum to decide the region's future.

Siemens Energy referred to a legal opinion carried out by SGRE, which supposedly "reaffirmed (...) the compliance of activities in Western Sahara with applicable law". ... We are aware that the region of Western Sahara is disputed, and that the UN considers the zone as a "non-self-governing territory" since 1963. We at SGRE have neither ...

Introduction. The changing strategy of the Polisario Front (PF) in response to the resolution of the conflict in Western Sahara has drawn attention to both the relationship between the movement and various non-state actors (NSAs) and the influence of these actors on claims regarding the permanent sovereignty of the Sahrawi people to the natural resources in their ...

The simmering 46-year-old conflict between Morocco and the Polisario Front over the disputed territory of Western Sahara, a Northwest African area of around 252,120 km<sup>2</sup> (some 97,000 sq. miles), has recently taken an ominous turn after decades of stalemate. In mid-November 2020, the Polisario Front, a movement seeking independence for the territory, ...

Western Sahara Resource Watch (WSRW) today publishes a report exposing all existing and planned renewable energy projects in occupied Western Sahara. Download the report (6 Mb).

Siemens Energy indicated to evaluate the specific legal framework for any business decision, "particularly with a view to the case law of the highest courts", in reference to the now 10 EU Court of Justice rulings pertaining to Western Sahara, which all conclude that the territory is not part of Morocco.

Businesses seeking to become involved in Moroccan projects in occupied Western Sahara ought to be aware of the potential reputational and legal risks connected to such operations&quot;, stated Sara Eyckmans of Western Sahara Resource Watch.

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GOAL: to promote an understanding, on a global scale, of the dynamics of change in energy systems, quantify emissions and their impacts, and accelerate the transition ...

The conflict in Western Sahara has been unresolved for fifty years. While Morocco is positioning itself as a pioneer in green energy, climate change is exacerbating the situation for the people in the Sahrawi refugee camps. To ensure they are not forgotten, the young activist Fatma Moulay is working tirelessly for justice. Sand and...

WSRW has produced four reports on the energy industry in occupied Western Sahara, two on renewables and two on oil and gas. *Totally Wrong* (Citation 2013b) focuses on the activities of the Total oil company in occupied Western Sahara. At the time, Total was the enterprise most heavily involved in oil exploration and had conducted the most ...

Saharawi living in the occupied territory are aware that energy infrastructure--its ownership, its management, its reach, the terms of its access, the political ...

Focusing on energy developments and energy infrastructure in Moroccan-occupied Western Sahara, this article engages with the politics of energy and energy citizenship in situations of ...

For a decade now, different branches of Siemens - in particular Siemens Gamesa Renewable Energy (SGRE) - have been delivering, installing and servicing wind turbines in occupied Western Sahara. At its AGM on 17 March 2021, the company again avoided answering questions related to their controversial operations. ... We are aware that the ...

Photo (APSO): One of HeidelbergCement's two factories near El Aai&#250;n. 1. "Our work is beneficial to Western Sahara" Siemens Gamesa stated that "an improvement of energy infrastructure will bring real value to communities and people - nationally and locally". The company adds that jobs are created for "locals" and that they support community projects ...

Focusing on energy developments and energy infrastructure in Moroccan-occupied Western Sahara, this article engages with the politics of energy and energy citizenship in situations of conflict, authoritarianism and settler colonialism.

Two Saharawis and Western Sahara Resource Watch took the floor during the Annual General Meeting of Siemens Gamesa yesterday in Bilbao, Spain. ... The Spanish company is installing energy infrastructure for the Moroccan government in occupied Western Sahara. In 2021, the biggest ... We are aware that this judgment has been appealed to by the ...

Western Sahara Resource Watch has today launched a report detailing how Morocco intends to build over



## Western Sahara energy aware

1000 MW (megawatts) of renewable energy plants in Western Sahara, a territory that Morocco partially occupies.

A French delegation visiting Morocco with President Emmanuel Macron on Tuesday unveiled investment plans in the disputed Western Sahara as part of a broader suite of agreements and partnerships between the two countries.. Projects in Dakhla and the Guelmim-Oued Noun region are among the 10 billion euros (\$10.8 billion) worth of initiatives announced ...

Ensure that the importer in Western Sahara is aware of the clearance process and any additional local requirements. Key Contact: Moroccan Customs and Indirect Taxes Administration ... The Moroccan government is also promoting renewable energy in Western Sahara, particularly solar and wind energy projects. Businesses may benefit from lower ...

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