

Svalbard and Jan Mayen hyperion bmz

What does Svalbard and Jan Mayen stand for?

Svalbard and Jan Mayen (Norwegian: Svalbard og Jan Mayen, ISO 3166-1 alpha-2: SJ, ISO 3166-1 alpha-3: SJM, ISO 3166-1 numeric: 744) is a statistical designation defined by ISO 3166-1 for a collective grouping of two remote jurisdictions of Norway: Svalbard and Jan Mayen.

What do Svalbard and Jan Mayen have in common?

Svalbard and Jan Mayen have in common that they are the only integrated parts of Norway not allocated to counties. While a separate ISO code for Svalbard was proposed by the United Nations, it was the Norwegian authorities who took initiative to include Jan Mayen in the code. Its official language is Norwegian.

What is Svalbard & Jan Mayen in ISO 3166-2?

ISO 3166-2:SJ is the entry for Svalbard and Jan Mayen in ISO 3166-2, a system for assigning codes to subnational administrative divisions. However, further subdivision for Svalbard and Jan Mayen occurs under Norway's entry, ISO 3166-2:NO:

What is a Svalbard & Jan Mayen islands?

The United Nations Statistics Division also uses this code, but has named it the Svalbard and Jan Mayen Islands. Svalbard is an archipelago in the Arctic Ocean under the sovereignty of Norway, but is subject to the special status granted by the Svalbard Treaty.

Does Svalbard have an ISO code?

While a separate ISO code for Svalbard was proposed by the United Nations, it was the Norwegian authorities who took initiative to include Jan Mayen in the code. Its official language is Norwegian. Both Svalbard and Jan Mayen consist almost entirely of Arctic wilderness, such as at Bellsund in Svalbard.

Who governs Svalbard?

The archipelago is administered by the Governor of Svalbard, which is subordinate to the Norwegian Ministry of Justice and Public Security. Unlike the rest of Norway (including Jan Mayen), Svalbard is a free economic zone and a demilitarized zone, and is not part of the Schengen Area nor the European Economic Area.

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The Jan Mayen microcontinent (JMMC) is a structural entity encompassing the Jan Mayen Ridge and the surrounding area, including the Jan Mayen Basin, the Jan Mayen Basin South, the Jan Mayen Trough and the Southern Ridge Complex (SRC) (Fig. 1; Table 1).

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Named after a 17th Century Dutch whaling captain (Jan Jacobszoon May van Schellinkhout), the JMMC is located in the central part of the Norwegian-Greenland Sea and shows a clear bathymetric signature extending southwards from the Jan Mayen Fracture Zone towards northern Iceland .

Seeking to further the impressive oceanographic and geographic research of his first expedition in the summer of the previous year, Leigh Smith first explored Jan Mayen and then sailed to Svalbard. There, after investigating Moffen, adverse ice conditions precluded effective continuation of the voyage and almost wrecked his research vessel, Sampson.

Cross the Arctic Circle from Iceland to Jan Mayen Island as we head to magical Svalbard situated in the High Arctic. Be one of few people to attempt to land on remote Jan Mayen Island, home ...

There are many days with stormy weather, and Jan Mayen is exposed to strong wave action from all directions: from the North Atlantic, the Greenland Sea and the Arctic Ocean. Generally basaltic lava is resistant towards erosion while volcanic gravel and ash are more easily eroded by the waves, transported along the coast and accumulated as sand ...

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Jan Mayen. The RGI 6.0 glacier outlines referred to 1975, and therefore were replaced by new outlines closer to the target year 2000. Outlines were mapped from a Landsat 7 ETM+ scene (217-010) acquired on 13 September 2002 with the band ratio method (panchromatic band divided by the resampled SWIR band) and some manual corrections.

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Cross the Arctic Circle from Iceland to Jan Mayen Island as we head to magical Svalbard situated in the High Arctic. Be one of few people to attempt to land on remote Jan Mayen Island, home to Mount Beerenberg, the northernmost active volcano in the world. Explore Svalbard, where dazzling scenery, mesmerising wildlife

and adventure awaits.

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